# Principles of Computer Game Design and Implementation

Lecture 30

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## "Am I a Game Developer Now?"

• Who am I to say?

- We looked at
  - Game architecture
  - 3D game engines
    - including maths required
    - Some physics
  - -AI



## Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the student will have:

- An understanding of different design issues related to computer games development: game structure, game engine, physics engine;
- 2. An appreciation of the fundamental concepts associated with game development: game physics, game artificial intelligence, content generation;
- 3. The ability to implement a simple game using an existing game engine.

#### Game Architecture

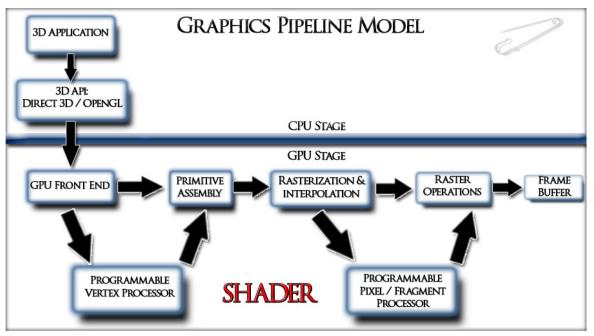
- Game Design
  - Think movies
    - Idea  $\rightarrow$  Design  $\rightarrow$  lots of work  $\rightarrow$  final product
- More arts than technology
  - One can study approaches to design
  - Vast area
- Nothing beats a clear good idea

#### **3D Game Engines**

• Graphics

Rendering pipeline

Shadows, water, sky, transparent and translucent objects,...



http://www.iamthomasvogel.de/?page\_id=85

## **Styled Graphics**

- Photo-realistic 3D graphics does not sell
  ???
- Moody atmospheric graphics



# 3D Modelling

- We combined geometries within game engine
- 3D Modelling tools
  - Autodesk Maya
  - Autodesk 3ds Max
  - Blender
    - Integration with

# Physics

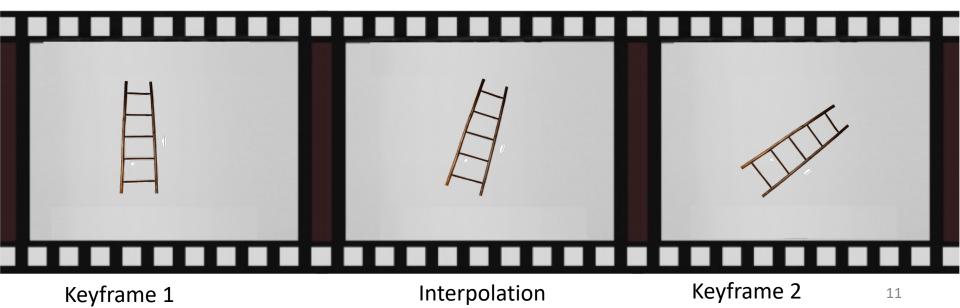
- A tighter integration of physics and game engines
  - Drawing fur, grass, etc
  - Particles
  - Flame
  - ...

### Animation in Games

- We modelled object motion
  - a kind of animations
- Characters should move realistically
  - Modelled in a 3D modelling tool (blender)
  - Provide "hooks" to play sequence from game
- Motion capture
  - Play the sequence

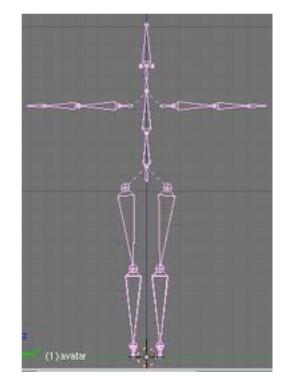
## **Keyframe Animation**

- Storing (and processing) each frame is too expensive
- Keyframe animation: store a (relatively small) number of keyframes and *interpolate*



## Animation of Models

- Rigid body animation
  - Body is immutable
  - Sequence of keyframes
- Skeletal animation
  - Bones
  - Skin
    - Follows the skeleton



#### **Inverse Kinematics**

Normally, animation is forward kinematics
– Sequence of keyframes specifying bone motion

- Inverse kinematics
  - Specify where you want a bone to move
  - Animate the model
    - Pick up an object
  - Limits have to be set!

#### **Content Generation**

- Modern games are (by in large) about *assets* 
  - Worlds to explore
  - Enemies to kill
  - Friends to make
- Level designers

## Procedural Content Generation (1)

Assets generated by an algorithm

As a tool for game developers



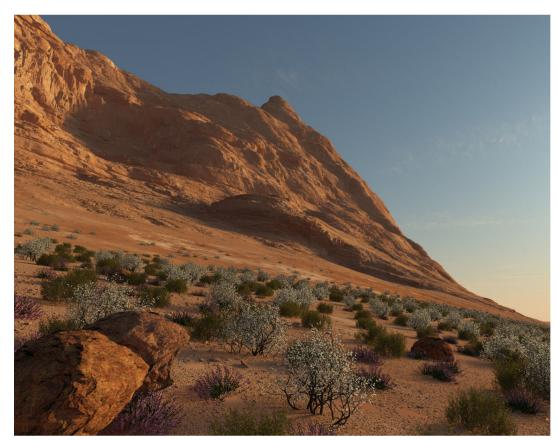


www.speedtree.com

## Procedural Content Generation (2)

#### • Terragen

http://planetside.co.uk



# Procedural Content Generation (3)

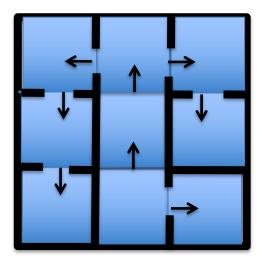
- Assets generated by an algorithm on the fly
- Map generation
  - Dungeon generation in 2D
  - Problems with 3d
    - Too slow
    - Too dull
    - Verification required



#### Example: A Growing Tree Algorithm

2D maze generation

- Pick a maze cell
- See if there's space to grow into
  - Random direction
- Carve into the space
- Repeat until finished



# Procedural Content Generation (3)

- Assets *tuned* by an algorithm
- Face Instances

- Borderlands
  - Combinations of guns
- Spore
  - Combinations of features

# Procedural Content Generation (4)

**Procedural population** 

- S.T.A.L.K.E.R.: Shadow of Chernobyl
  - Dynamical placement of characters
    - Artificial Life
- Left4Dead
  - In addition to placement, adaptive pacing
  - If intensity is too high, remove major threats for a while

## Conclusion

- These are just some of directions
- Lots of further info online
  - <u>www.gamasutra.com</u>
  - aigamedev.com
  - www.gamedev.net

— ...

- Tons of books
- Experiment yourself!